

QCD AT A HIGH-ENERGY
 e^+e^- LINEAR COLLIDER

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MAIN QCD GOALS AT LINEAR COLLIDER

- Precise test of QCD at highest energies

In particular:

- Precise determination of α_s :

Event shape observables

- studied at PETRA, PEP, TRISTAN, SLC, LEP

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ at and above threshold

- completely new domain!

- Combining $\alpha_s(500)$, $\alpha_s(800)$... with low-energy meas.

⇒ map out QCD ren. group trajectory

⇒ constrain 'GUT scale'

- limited currently by α_s uncertainty

- Lower-energy running, *eg.* at Z^0 , very attractive:

⇒ longer lever-arm in Q^2

⇒ α_s measurements with common systematics

- benefit needs to be quantified

RECENT THEORETICAL DEVELOPMENTS

- $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ near threshold @ NNLO
(Beneke, Hoang, Teubner *et al.*)
important for $M_t + \alpha_s$ determination
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow 6$ jets @ LO (Moretti)
background to $t\bar{t}$, $Z^0(H^0 \rightarrow W^+W^-)$...
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow X b\bar{b} W^+W^-$, $X = H^0, Z^0, g$ @ LO (Moretti)
backgrounds to $t\bar{t} H^0$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}g$, $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ NNL (Miller, Seymour)
background to $Z^0 H^0, t\bar{t}$...
- b -quark forward-backward asymmetry @ 2 loops
(Seymour)
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}g$ @ NLO (Brandenburg)

LINEAR COLLIDER α_s MEASUREMENT

1. Event Shape Observables

- Studied at Snowmass 96 (Burrows *et al.*, SLAC-PUB-7371)

- ECFA/DESY Workshop: O. Biebel

- Statistics:

$$\geq 50\text{k } q\bar{q} \text{ events} \Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_s \leq 0.001$$

- Detector systematics:

$$\text{currently } \Delta\alpha_s \sim 0.002$$

$$\text{Excellent tracking + calorimetry} \Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_s \sim 0.001$$

- Hadronisation uncertainties $\sim 1/Q$

$$\text{At } Q = 500 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_s < 0.001$$

- Limiting precision:

$$\text{Higher-order pQCD contributions: } \Delta\alpha_s \sim 0.006$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{NNLO calculation needed}$$

LINEAR COLLIDER α_s MEASUREMENT

2. Top Quark Observables

- $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ near threshold (Peralta)

new NNLO calculations \Rightarrow

reduced correlation $\alpha_s \leftrightarrow M_t$ $\Delta\alpha_s = 0.002$ (?)

PRELIMINARY, NO THEORY UNCERTAINTY

- $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ above threshold (Bernreuther)

PRELIMINARY study of NLO calculations

$\sqrt{s} = 400$ GeV: $\Delta\alpha_s = 0.005$

(theory limiting)

$\sqrt{s} \geq 500$ GeV: $\Delta\alpha_s = 0.012$

(exp. syst. limiting)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}g$ (Brandenburg)

LINEAR COLLIDER α_s MEASUREMENT

3. Lower-energy running offers new possibilities:

- Z^0 decay widths: $\Gamma_Z^{had} / \Gamma_Z^{lept}$

calculated at NNLO

current precision, 16M Z^0 at LEP: $\Delta\alpha_s = 0.003$

100M $Z^0 \Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_s = 0.001$ (?)

BEWARE: event selection (Mönig *et al.*),

theory uncertainties?

- τ decay widths: $\Gamma_\tau^{had} / \Gamma_\tau^{lept}$

calculated at NNLO

current exp. precision, LEP+CLEO: $\Delta\alpha_s = 0.001$

theoretical uncertainties $\Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_s = 0.003$ (?)

OTHER IMPORTANT TOPICS

- Limits on new coloured objects (*eg.* gluino)
above threshold \Rightarrow modify $\alpha_s(Q)$
- Limits on anomalous strong top-quark couplings
 \Rightarrow modify gluon energy in $t\bar{t}g$ events
- Measurement of Γ_t using $t\bar{t}g$ events
 $\Rightarrow \Gamma_t$ affects degree of soft-gluon coherence
- Polarisation-based asymmetries in $q\bar{q}g$ events:
$$\vec{P}_e \cdot \vec{k}_{q1} \times \vec{k}_{q2} \quad (\text{CP}+ \text{T}-)$$
$$\vec{P}_e \cdot \vec{k}_q \times \vec{k}_{\bar{q}} \quad (\text{CP}- \text{T}-)$$
 \Rightarrow Search for anomalous final-state interactions
- Particle multiplicity in heavy- vs. light-quark jets
 \Rightarrow add long lever-arm to current tests

All warrant updated simulations

- Colour reconnection and Bose-Einstein correls.

EVENT SELECTION

- Multijet $q\bar{q}$ events bgd. to $t\bar{t}$, W^+W^- , $Z^0 H^0$, ...
- Separation of $q\bar{q} / t\bar{t} / W^+W^- / Z^0 Z^0 / \dots$ not trivial
- For QCD studies:
 $q\bar{q} /$ the rest
 $t\bar{t} /$ the rest
- Hawaii 93: kinematic cuts \Rightarrow 83% pure $q\bar{q}$ sample,
but with large bias
- Snowmass 96: eliminate W^+W^- events with right-handed e^- beam
 $P_e = +90\% \Rightarrow 87\%$ pure $q\bar{q}$ sample
with zero bias
- To do:
effect of highly efficient b-tag on $q\bar{q} / t\bar{t}$ separation

SUMMARY

- ‘QCD events’ \Rightarrow background to new physics
ultimately need to measure and understand them
- Good progress: several new pQCD calculations
- Key QCD meas. exploit high energy + lumi:
Precise α_s and $\alpha_s(Q^2)$
 \Rightarrow Test QCD at highest Q^2
 \Rightarrow Constrain QCD RGE trajectory + GUT scale
- Low energy running attractive
- Strong overlap of interest with Top Group
- Several important measurements deserve modern simulations